#7 Line Bending

This brief gives advice for:

- Equipment
- Procedures
- Trouble Shooting
- Equipment Suppliers
- Additional Technical Information & Assistance

**Equipment**

**Straight Nichrome Resistance Wire Heater**

To bend ACRYLITE® FF acrylic sheet up to 1/8" (3mm) thick, the most commonly used piece of equipment is a straight nichrome wire resistance heater. The unit functions similarly to a household electric toaster by passing electricity through a wire.

You can bend material thicker than 1/8" (3mm) on this unit, but the material must be flipped over halfway during the heating cycle.

In constructing the heater, use plywood for the base. The top surface should be insulation board or aluminum sheet to provide a smooth surface, helping prevent mark-off marks on the sheet as a result of contact. Aluminum is selected as the metal alternative because it is durable and does not absorb and re-radiate heat.

The heating element is a 17-gauge nichrome (nickel-chrome) wire. Attach the wire to a 120-volt, 20-amp variable transformer. Provide a spring as shown to keep the wire under tension. Allow space around the wire for free air flow to aid heat transfer from the wire to the part. Position the wire so it remains at least 1/8" from the sheet during heating. Ceramic stand-offs are useful in supporting the wire at a consistent height from the base (see last page for source of supply).

**CAUTION:** An unguarded nichrome wire is a burn/shock hazard. Provide a guard to prevent contact with the wire.

**Modification for Multiple Line Bends**

To perform multiple line bends, modify the heater as shown above. Where the wire joins the spring, include an insulation ring. Raise the unit's base so convection air from below flows through slots routed in the base as shown.

**Coiled Resistance Wire**

Coiled resistance wire can be substituted for straight wire as a heating element. Because coiled wire must be supported and because it is difficult to position the coils evenly, temperatures across the sheet's width may vary, causing uneven stresses and distortion. See the following section under Procedures entitled Line Bending with Coiled Resistance Wire.
Procedures

Be sure to follow the manufacturer’s safety recommendations for equipment and materials used with ACRYLITE FF sheet.

Bending with a Straight Nichrome Wire Heater

Heat the material until it bends easily. Experience will teach you how long to heat each part. Don’t overheat or lay ACRYLITE FF sheet directly on the heating element - doing so will blister and/or mark the sheet.

Bend the heated part to the desired shape and quickly place it in a cooling jig. To retain the bend while you do other work, secure the part in the jig with weights or clamps. Cooling time normally equals heating time.

When line bending with only one heating element, be sure to bend away from the heated side. For example, if the nichrome wire is on the bottom, bend upwards.

Line Bending with Coiled Resistance Wire

Follow the procedures above for nichrome resistance wire line bending. Flip the piece over while heating to prevent uneven stresses in the bend area.

Long Line Bends

When a bend line exceeds 24 inches in length, there is a tendency for the part to bow across the bend. This can also happen when a bend is made close to the edge of a sheet. To minimize bowing, restrict the width of the heated area or, v-groove the sheet along the desired bend line, as shown at right. When a line bend exceeds 36” in length, the part tends to bend unevenly (slight wave) along the bend due to shrinkage. To minimize this tendency, make the bend perpendicular to the manufacturing direction. You can tell manufacturing direction when the label or masking paper is still attached to the sheet. If there is a label, manufacturing direction is from...
For sharp line bends with no deflection, it is a good idea to v-groove the sheet, as shown at left. Use a v-rabbet router bit or a table saw, making two opposed 45° cuts. V-grooving the sheet reduces the material cross section at the point of bending, reducing stresses and making bending easier. A wire heater beneath the cut will help create a sharp angle bend without deflections or bowing.

Bending with a Tubular Heater
Bend the part as outlined above for a nichrome wire heater. The ACRYLITE FF sheet should be at least half an inch from the rod to avoid overheating.

Bending with Quartz Tube Heaters
Bend the part as outlined above for a nichrome wire heater. The ACRYLITE FF sheet should be at least a half inch from the tube to avoid overheating.

Gentle Bending
By changing the distance between supports, the worker can increase or decrease the width of the heated area, thus varying the curvature of the bend. In this way, the part can be bent with a gentle curve instead of a right-angle bend.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Solution</th>
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<tr>
<td>Bubbling or Blistering</td>
<td>Overheating</td>
<td>Lower heat; Reverse or turn over work. Increase sheet-heater distance</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wet material</td>
<td>Pre-dry sheet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wrinkling</td>
<td>Narrow heating</td>
<td>Widen heated area Increase bend radius (bend radius at least twice sheet thickness)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bending part the wrong way</td>
<td>Bend away from heated side</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mark-off (stray marks on sheet surface)</td>
<td>Surface contact</td>
<td>Avoid overheating Cover jig with felt Reduce areas of contact in cooling jig</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bow Effect</td>
<td>Stresses from heated and unheated areas</td>
<td>Use straight nichrome wire to decrease width of heated area Design reverse curve in cooling jig Heat entire part in oven Use a v-groove bend line Bend sheet perpendicular to direction of manufacture - see foregoing drawing</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Equipment and Materials Suppliers
The suppliers listed below offer materials and equipment suitable for use with ACRYLITE FF sheet. Authorized ACRYLITE Sheet Distributors may also offer materials and equipment.

Variable Transformers
Superior Electric Company
383 Middle Street
Bristol, CT 06010
860-585-4500
Fax: 860-589-2136
www.superiorelectric.com

Staco Energy Products
301 Gaddis Blvd.
Dayton, OH 45403
937-253-1191
Fax: 937-253-1723
www.stacoenergy.com
Nichrom Wire/Strip Heaters
Pelican Wire Company
6266 Taylor Road
Naples, FL 34109-1896
941-597-8555
Fax: 941-597-9783
www.pelicanwire.com

Ceramic Stand-offs
CHROMALOX
Edwin L. Wiegand Division
Emerson Electric Co.
103 Gamma Drive Extension
Pittsburgh, PA 15238
412-967-3800
Fax: 412-967-5148
www.chromalox.com

Equipment
Edge Finisher Corporation
16 Stony Hill Road
Bethel, CT 06801
203-796-7923
Fax: 203-796-7924
www.edgefinisher.com

FTM, Inc.
6160 Cobblestone Road
Placerville, CA 95667
530-626-1986
Fax: 530-642-2602
www.thefabricatorssouce.com

C.R. Clarke & Company
4407 Vineland Road - Suite D5
Orlando, FL 32811
800-676-7133
www.crclarke.co.uk

Sales Offices
For the name of your local Authorized Distributor, call 800-631-5384, visit www.cyro.com, or contact the nearest regional sales office.

Additional Technical Information and Assistance
We invite you to visit our TechKnowlogy Center on www.cyro.com.

Visitors have immediate access to frequently asked questions, technical concerns, physical properties, processing conditions, fabrication tips, regulatory compliance information, engineering guidelines, tips for troubleshooting, and hundreds of other facts about acrylics from one of North America’s leading manufacturers of acrylic-based polymer and sheet products.

Fire Precautions
ACRYLITE FF sheet is a combustible thermoplastic. Precautions should be taken to protect this material from flames and high heat sources. ACRYLITE FF sheet usually burns rapidly to completion if not extinguished. The products of combustion, if sufficient air is present, are carbon dioxide and water. However, in many fires sufficient air will not be available and toxic carbon monoxide will be formed, as it will when other common combustible materials are burned. We urge good judgement in the use of this versatile material and recommend that building codes be followed carefully to assure it is used properly.

Compatibility
Like other plastic materials, ACRYLITE FF sheet is subject to crazing, cracking or discoloration if brought into contact with incompatible materials. These materials may include cleaners, polishes, adhesives, sealants, gasketing or packaging materials, cutting emulsions, etc. See the Tech Briefs in this series for more information, or contact your ACRYLITE Sheet Distributor or the CYRO Technical Center for information on a specific product.

Important Notice:
The information and statements herein are believed to be reliable but are not to be construed as a warranty or representation for which we assume legal responsibility. Users should undertake sufficient verification and testing to determine the suitability for their own particular purpose of any information or products referred to herein. NO WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE IS MADE. Nothing herein is to be taken as permission, inducement or recommendation to practice any patented invention without a license.